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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/077,391	02/15/2002	Nikolco S. Nikolovski	29385-69914	4154	
23643	7590 06/06/2005		EXAMINER		
	THORNBURG	•	TRAN	TRAN, LEN	
11 SOUTH MERIDIAN INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46204			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		1725	<u></u>	

DATE MAILED: 06/06/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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-		Application No.	Applicant(s)	•		
		10/077,391	NIKOLOVSKI ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Len Tran	1725			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	on appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 (SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory tre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a sion. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of the period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC y statute, cause the application to become a	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	on.		
Status		•				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>4/14/05</u> .				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)	This action is non-final.				
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the applic 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	thdrawn from consideration.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Extended The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the of the oath or declaration is objected to by	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeya correction is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121((d).		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)□ a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Elee the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in e priority documents have bee Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage			
Attachmen	t(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
3) 🔲 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/ er No(s)/Mail Date		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 1725

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 3. Claims 1-5, 8-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Strezov et al (US 5,701,948), and further in view of Bergeron et al (US 4,588,021)

Strezov et al discloses a method of continuously casting a steel strip comprising the steps of providing a chilled casting surface, made of copper, with a texture, with a casting pool of molten steel having a manganese content of no less than 0.6% by weight, silicon in the range of 0.1 to 0.35% by weight, carbon content less than 0.07% by weight (col. 7, lines 42-51). Strezov

Application/Control Number: 10/077,391

Art Unit: 1725

et al also discloses wherein the texture have surface distribution of between 5 to 100 peaks per mm square and average height of at least 10 microns to 20 microns (col. 3, lines 7-12).

Strezov et al lacks the disclosure of:

a random height distribution on the rollers,

casting surface is defined by a grit blasting surface covered by a protective coating, wherein the coating is an electroplated metal coating, or formed by chemical deposition, or electrodeposition,

coating is chromium, cobalt, molybdenum, and nickel,

wherein the coating is formed of a material which has a low affinity for the oxidation products in the molten steel such that molten steel has a greater affinity for the coating material and wets the coating in preference to the oxidation products.

However, Bergeron et al is introduce to disclose a casting surface being grit blasted, wherein grit blasting inherently causes <u>a random height distribution on the casting surface</u>, followed by a protective coating on the gritted casting surface (col. 2, lines 55-62), wherein the coating is formed of nickel, cobalt, molybdenum, and chromium (col. 7, lines 63-65, col. 8, line 53, col. 10, line 57). Bergeron et al disclose the above differences for the purpose of increasing the life of the casting surface and the surface quality of and property of the cast product is significantly improved (col. 3, lines 1-8).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide grit blasting to have random height distribution,

followed by coating the casting surface as taught by Bergeron et al, in Strezov et al in order to increase the life of the casting surface and improve the quality of the cast product.

Page 4

Furthermore, Bergeron disclose <u>deposition of the coating</u> on the casting surface, but not specific to either chemical or electrodeposition. However, either these method are obvious to an ordinary skill in the art.

4. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Strezov et al (US 5,701,948), and further in view of Bergeron et al (US '021), in view of Irie et al (US 4,368,084).

Strezov et al and Tanaka disclose the claimed invention above, but fail to teach the strip are moving away from casting pool at 60 m/min to 75 m/min.

However, Irie et al disclose speed rate of the strip to be rolled at 60 min/m to 80 min/m for the purpose of increasing the productivity of metal strip.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to provide the speed as taught by Irie et al, in Strezov et al and Bergeron et al because increasing the productivity of the metal strip allows saving costs and time to the operation.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-21 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In response to applicant's argument on page 5 and 6, examiner has introduced a new prior art, Bergeron et al (US 4,588,021) to teach the <u>amended claimed invention</u>. Applicant has amended the independent claims 1 and 9, to include a "random height distribution" to overcome the prior rejection. However, Bergeron et al disclose grit blasting, wherein grit blasting inherently causes random height distribution on the casting surface as more elaborately explained above in paragraph 3.

As to applicant's argument in pages 7 and 8, that the combination of prior arts are not proper, examiner withdrew the prior arts of record as rejection, since Bergeron et al teaches the **new essential claimed features** in addition to grit blasting that necessitate the new ground of rejection.

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

Art Unit: 1725

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Page 6

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Len Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1184. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Len Tran

Examiner

Art Unit 1725